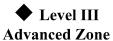
## DRAFT Cross Country Track Skiing Standards

# Level I Beginner Zone

# Level II Intermediate Zone



The candidate is able to...

The candidate is able to...

The candidate is able to...

	The candidate is able to	The candidate is able to	The candidate is able to
Body Position	Ski with the core over the base of support seen by shin angle appropriate to torso	Ski with the core over the base of support seen by shin angle matching torso	Ski with the core <b>in front of</b> the base of support seen by shin angle matching torso
	Balance and glide on one ski	Vary the duration of balance and glide on one ski	<b>Actively</b> balance and glide on one ski <b>for any duration</b>
	Ski with a naturally rounded back in an athletic stance	Ski with naturally rounded back and tail tucked under most of the time	Ski with naturally rounded back and tail <b>consistently</b> tucked under
	Ski with a stable 'panel' (torso) oriented in the direction of travel in one of the three: twisting, tilting, hinging at the waist	Ski with a stable panel in <b>two</b> of the three: twisting, tilting, hinging at the waist	Ski with a stable panel controlling twisting, tilting, and hinging at the waist
Timing	Demonstrate 3 techniques to get around and recognize all of the techniques	Demonstrate all of the techniques and switch techniques and tempo with terrain changes	Demonstrate all of the techniques and switch techniques and tempo seamlessly with terrain changes
	Time core, poling and leg movements for the terrain and technique	Time core, poling and leg movements to enhance forward motion	Time core, poling and leg movements <b>precisely</b> to enhance forward motion <b>appropriate to technique and terrain</b>
	CL Transfer weight completely SK Transfer weight completely (laterally)	CL Transfer weight as the feet pass SK Transfer weight actively from whole foot to whole foot	CL Transfer weight after the feet pass SK Transfer weight precisely and powerfully from whole foot to whole foot with full extension
Propulsion	CL Compress the ski with body weight to create grip	CL Compress the ski with flexion and extension to create grip	CL Compress the ski with flexion and extension to create grip and enhance power
	SK Engage the ski edge with body movement to create purchase	SK Push off of the ski edge with extension to create purchase	SK Push off of the ski edge with extension to create purchase and increase glide
	CL Pendulum the leg forward	CL Actively pendulum the leg to enhance forward motion	CL Powerfully pendulum the leg to enhance forward motion and compression
	Demonstrate flexion/extension	Demonstrate flexion and extension dictated by terrain	Use full range of flexion and extension movements as dictated by terrain to generate power
	Engage poles then core muscles	Engage core muscles as poles engage	Engage core muscles as poles engage
	Demonstrate propulsion from poling with pole release and arm extension	Demonstrate propulsion from poling with pole release, arm extension and retrieval appropriate to terrain and technique	Increase propulsion by pole push and pole retrieval

## Nordic TRACK Certification Teaching Standards 2011

• Level I - Beginner Zone

The candidate is able to...

#### Level II – Inter-mediate Zone

The candidate is able to...

#### **◆** Level III - Advanced Zone

The candidate is able to...

### Awareness, Understanding and Knowledge

- Understand the coach/student relationship and how to develop trust between them
- Consider and address safety concerns as students move beyond the Beginner/Novice zone learning environment
- Understand and identify the components of the learning process, and relate these concepts to individual learning styles and preferences
- Understand the importance of options in lesson plans based upon the mental, emotional, and physical needs (development) of individual students
- Illustrate the components of effective feedback in the learning environment
- the learning environment and discuss how to incorporate them into lessons that will create memorable experiences

• Recall the components of

- Identify the components of good teaching
- Categorize teaching, skiing, and guest service principles of ATS, relative to Beginner/Novice zone students
- Understand student needs of specific groups (i.e., adults, children, women, seniors, beginners, etc.)
- List considerations for managing the learning environment for children at different stages of development

- Accurately distinguish "What is happening?" with regard to movement analysis
- Formulate lesson plan options for a variety of student needs

- ◆ Consider safety concerns as students move beyond the Intermediate zone learning environment
- ◆ Make specific lesson plan decisions based upon accurate interpretation of student behavior and performance
- ◆ Adjust the depth and pacing of information and feedback to address the needs, motivation, and interest level of the students
- ◆ Address a variety of learning styles and utilize various feedback systems to facilitate an experiential learning environment
- ◆ Identify the elements of multiple intelligence theory and relate these concepts to sensory preferences in communication and information exchange
- ♦ Describe, in depth, the skier services and activities available at one's home area as well as within the ski industry
- ♦ Display a strong ability to answer the "How do I get there?" question regarding movement analysis
- ◆ Display an in-depth understanding of cause-and-effect relationships relative to skill references and specific movement issues
- ◆ Create unique lesson plans through a strong understanding of people and ski technique

## **Level I - Beginner Zone**

The candidate is able to...

#### Level II - Inter-mediate Zone

The candidate is able to...

#### ◆ Level III - Advanced Zone

The candidate is able to...

## Application

- Teach the public through the Beginner/Novice zone
- Demonstrate an ability to develop a relationship of trust between teacher and students
- Identify learning styles and preferences and cite examples of how to use them in a lesson

- Recognize the *stepping stones* concept and other and identify a pathway to learning based on the needs of students specific to the instructors home area
- Handle a class based on group energy level, conditions, safety, and lesson content
- Predict and meet the needs of specific groups (i.e., children, seniors, men)

■ Teach the skiing public through the Intermediate zone

- Identify the personality traits and learning preferences of students, and make broad adjustments in lesson plans and delivery to accommodate those traits/preferences
- Work with ranges of student performance and personalities within a group; maintain group cohesiveness and a personal, emotional attachment with students and the learning environment
- Make technical lesson content decisions based upon both movement analysis observations and student desires and needs; applying the *stepping stones* concept beyond the Beginner/Novice zone
- Demonstrate an effective balance between the amount of information and the amount of practice time; display an effective use of teaching activities
- Develop accurate lesson plan options that tailor lesson situations to individual needs and goals

◆ Teach the skiing public through the Advanced zone

- ◆ Account for the mental, emotional, social, and physical cues encountered with students in most lesson situations
- ◆ Creatively utilize the conditions of the day to ensure safety and create unique experiences for students

- ◆ Make technical lesson content decisions based upon specific movement analysis observations, as well as nonmovement factors (mental, emotional, physical)
- ◆ Demonstrate an ability to encourage students to become responsible for their own learning
- ◆ Lessons are characterized by a continuously developing lesson plan based on observations and the development and adjustment of guest goals; rather than a preconceived lesson plan based upon initial perceptions

## Nordic Track Certification Professional Knowledge Standards 2011

## **Level I - Beginner Zone**

Level II – Inter-mediate Zone

Level III - Advanced Zone

The candidate is able to...

The candidate is able to...

The candidate is able to...

#### **Terminology**

- Define and explain basic skiing terminology as described in the *Nordic Technical Manual*
- Define and explain basic terminology as described in the *Core Concepts* Manual
- Define and understand terminology as described in the *Nordic Technical Manual*
- Relate skiing terminology to students in simple language; communicating what, why, and how the terms and concepts apply to individual students
- ◆ Demonstrate a strong understanding of industry wide terminology
- ◆ Display an ability to compare and contrast various types of information regarding skiing and ski teaching from a variety of resources
- ◆ Demonstrate the ability to translate most skiing terminology into layman's terms

#### Equipment

- Identify equipment needs for skiers through the Beginner/Novice zone
- Categorize the basic options and benefits of modern ski designs
- Identify common equipment safety issues
- Understand the basic principles of waxing
- Describe changing equipment needs as students move through the Beginner/Novice zone and Intermediate ability zones
- Understand the options, solutions, and benefits modern designs provide; provide general equipment selection guidance
- Understand and convey the intended benefits of equipment design
- Wax for effective grip or glide

- ◆ Describe changing equipment needs as skiers move through the Intermediate and Advanced ability zones
- ◆ Tailor lesson plans to fit student equipment capabilities,
- ♦ Serve as an industry ambassador, shop liaison, and general authority for equipment questions and advice
- ◆ Wax effectively for all conditions

#### Skills Concept

- Discuss the role of balance relative to the other skill categories and movements especially body position.
- Identify effective movements and skill development through the Beginner/Novice zone
- Understand the concept of skill blending, and identify how different skill blends create different outcomes regarding ski performance for a Beginner/Novice zone skier
- Teach a traditional skill blend for Beginner/Novice zone skiers
- Create an activity list for each skill category

- Understand the connections between movements and skills, and how changes in movements affect the blending of skills
- Understand the application of the *skills concept* to ski performance and of movement patterns to ski-snow interaction
- Understand how various skill blends are applied to specific Intermediate zone skiing situations relative to terrain, conditions, and desired student outcome
- Utilize specific activities to target specific skill development

- ◆ Incorporate appropriate application of the skills concept as a tool to communicate, organize and assist the teaching of movements
- ◆ Incorporate and utilize the controlling elements of skiing movements (duration, intensity, rate, and timing) relative to skill blending
- ◆ Apply skill blending to tactical choices in a variety of conditions

## Nordic Track Certification Professional Knowledge Standards 2011

**Level I - Beginner Zone** 

Level II – Inter-mediate Zone

◆ Level III - Advanced Zone

The candidate is able to...

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#### **Movement Analysis**

- Recognize general movement patterns relative to skill categories in Beginner/Novice zone skiers
- Identify desired skill and movement outcomes in various types of Beginner/Novice zone skiing including beginner classic, skate and cross country downhill progressions
- List exercises and tasks that address a student's needs, the equipment being used, terrain options, etc.

- Describe the forces skiers use for propulsion; relate how a skier uses muscular effort and movements to generate these forces
- Understand the visual cues of effective classic and skate skiing relative to Intermediate zone applications
- Understand cause-and-effect relationships between movements and resultant ski performance in Intermediate zone skiing situations
- Consider non-performance factors such as age, past experience, conditioning etc., when analyzing the ability of students
- Communicate movement analysis information and prescriptions for change to students in simple, positive language

- ◆ Incorporate all aspects of studentteacher communication as a part of movement analysis, utilizing personality traits such as motivation and emotion in addition to actual skiing performance
- ◆ Incorporate the *visual cues of effective* classic and skate skiing relative to Advanced zone skiing applications
- ◆ Incorporate and cause-and-effect relationships and resultant ski performance in Advanced zone skiing situations
- ♦ Utilize informal movement analysis (in addition to formal situations) to constantly monitor all aspects of movement and movement patterns as an ongoing process throughout a lesson
- ◆ Evaluate the effectiveness and performance of practice activities, and continuously adjust lesson plans accordingly

## Personal Mastery

- Identify and develop a vision for personal growth as a snowsports teacher
- Understand the pathways for personal and professional growth by identifying the resources available both inside and outside of PSIA-AASI
- Plan short- and long-range schedules for training and certification goals

- Include resort-wide interests in all lesson situations, addressing student needs beyond learning to ski
- Demonstrate an ability to handle internal and external conflict resolution
- Demonstrate an ability to interact in resort areas outside of the lesson environment
- ◆ Seek outside education options to promote a broad understanding of the sport
- ◆ Seek involvement in helping less experienced teachers